MSDS Summary Information – The Nail Shop Antibacterial Solution For further information refer to the full MSDS

Issue: July 2014

PRODUCT:	The Nail Shop Antibacterial Solution
Other Names:	Propan-2-ol solution, 2-propanol solution
Uses:	Cleansing agent

UN No.
Dangerous Goods Class
Subsidiary Risk
Pack Group
Hazchem
Poison Schedule

Hazardous	Nature	This product is	This product is classified as hazardous under Safe Work Australia criteria			
Exposure S	Standar	ds: TWA: 983 mg/m	TWA: 983 mg/m3 (400 ppm): STEL: 1230 mg/m3 (500 ppm)			
Physical Characteristics (Typical) Section 9 of MSDS						
Appearance			Blue tinted liqui	Blue tinted liquid with seet odour		
Boiling Poin	t/ Range	e (°C):	82	82		
Flash Point	(°C):		21			
Specific Gravity/ Density (g/ml @ 15°C):		0.85				
Chemical Stability:		Stable under no	Stable under normal conditions of use			
Reactivity:			No decomposition products except on burning. See "Fire Fighting Measures".			
Product Ingredients				Section 3 of MSDS		
Isopropyl Al	cohol	67-63-0	70%			
Water				>29%		
CI42090	2142090			<1%		
For further ingredients information, please refer to the full MSDS.						
Risk Phrase	es			Section 2 of MSDS		
R 36	Irritat	ing to eyes	R 67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness		
R 11	Highl	y flammable				
	For	further Risk and Safe	ty information, ple	ase refer to the full MSDS.		
DEFINITIONS						
Dangerous Goods Products that are classified as Dangerous for Storage and Transport: these products are allocated a UN No., with						

Poisonous Substance	 accompanying Class, Pack Group, and Sub. Risk, if required. Products that do not have a specific description under the code, but have low flash points, or such, must be classified under their most significant risk, eg. Flammable Goods N.O.S. (Not otherwise specified), UN 1993 Products that are classified under the poisons schedule are a poisonous substance. The proportion of the poison in the poison.
Hazardous Substance	 product will determine its numerical classification. Products are considered to be Hazardous if they pose an intrinsic risk to human or environmental health, such as mutagens (able to change DNA), teratogens (able to result in birth defects), carcinogens (able to generate cell abnormalities), etc. Materials are not hazardous substances if they pose risks such as potential for misuse, like flammability, or explosions when heated and ignited.

THE NAIL SHOP ANTIBACTERIAL SOLUTION

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:	Isopropanol 70%	
Other Names:	Propan-2-ol solution, 2-propanol solution	
Chemical Family:	Oxygenated hydrocarbon	
Recommended Use:	Cleansing agent	
Supplier:	The Nail Shop	
ABN:	71 365 073 683	
Street Address:	22 Pleasant Grove, Holden Hill SA 5088	
Telephone:	0416 157 087	

Emergency phone:

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Health Hazard Classification

This product is classified as hazardous under Safe Work Australia criteria

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Hazard Category

Xi: Irritant

Risk Phrases

R 36	Irritating to eyes	R 67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness
R 11	Highly flammable		
Safety Phra	ases		
S 7/9	Keep container tightly closed and in a well ventilated place	S 16	Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking
S 24/25	Avoid contact with skin and eyes	S 26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
S 33	Take precautionary measures against static discharges	S 43B	In case of fire use sand, earth, chemical powder or alcohol type foam

Dangerous Goods Classification 3 Poisons Schedule Nil

3. COMPOSITION: Information on Ingredients

Isopropyl Alcohol		67-63-0
Chemical Ingredient	CAS No.	Proportion (%v/v)
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	70
Water		>29
CI42090		<1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 13 1126) or a doctor. Ingestion

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Seek immediate medical attention. **Eye Contact**

Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact

Flush area with large amounts of water and wash area with soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and launder before reuse. Seek medical attention for skin irritations.

Inhalation

Using proper respiratory protection, immediately remove the affected victim from exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing is stopped. Keep at rest. Seek immediate medical attention.

First Aid facilities

Provide eye baths and safety showers.

Medical Attention

Treat according to symptoms. Avoid gastric lavage: risk of aspiration of product to the lungs with the potential to cause chemical pneumonitis.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Shut off product that may 'fuel' a fire if safe to do so. Allow trained personnel to attend a fire in progress, providing firefighters with this Material Safety Data Sheet. Prevent extinguishing media from escaping to drains and waterways.

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, water fog or fine mist, alcohol foam

Hazards from combustion products

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide

Precautions for fire fighters and special protective equipment

Full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus

Hazchem Code:

2[Y]E

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Prevent fluid from escaping to drains and waterways. Contain leaking packaging in a containment drum. Prevent vapours from building up in confined areas. Ensure that drain valves are closed at all times. Clean up and report spills immediately.

Methods and materials for containment

Major Land Spill

- Eliminate sources of ignition.
- Warn occupants of downwind areas of possible fire and explosion hazard.
- Prevent liquid from entering sewers, watercourses, or low-lying areas.
- Keep the public away from the area.
- Shut off the source of the spill if possible and safe to do so.

- Advise authorities if substance has entered a watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.
- Take measures to minimise the effect on the ground water.
- Contain the spilled liquid with sand or earth.
- Recover by pumping use explosion proof pump or hand pump or with a suitable absorbent material.
- Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations.
- See "First Aid Measures" and "Stability and Reactivity"

Major Water Spill

- Eliminate any sources of ignition.
- Warn occupants and shipping in downwind areas of possible fire and explosion hazard.
- Notify the port or relevant authority and keep the public away from the area.
- Shut off the source of the spill if possible and safe to do so.
- Confine the spill if possible.
- Remove the product from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbent material.
- Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations.
- See "First Aid Measures" and "Stability and Reactivity".

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

This product is flammable. Do not open near open flame, sources of heat or ignition. No smoking. Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly to control possible pressure release. Use grounding leads to avoid discharge (electrical spark).

Conditions for safe storage

Store in a cool, dry place away from direct sunlight. Do not pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers - residual vapours are flammable. This product is flammable and will fuel a fire in progress.

Incompatible materials

Natural Rubber, Butyl Rubber, EPDM, Polystyrene

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS: PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Exposure Standards

The time weighted average concentration (TWA) for this product is: 983 mg/m3 (400 ppm), which means the highest allowable exposure concentration in an eight-hour day for a five-day working week. The short-term exposure limit (STEL) is: 1230 mg/m3 (500 ppm), which is the maximum allowable exposure concentration at any time.

Biological limit values

Engineering Controls: Ventilation

The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control process emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fume hood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection: Where concentrations in air may exceed the limits described in the National Exposure Standards, it is recommended to use a half-face filter mask to protect from overexposure by inhalation. A type "A" filter material is considered suitable for this product.

Eye Protection: Always use safety glasses or a face shield when handling this product.

Skin/ Body Protection: Always wear long sleeves and long trousers or coveralls, and enclosed footwear or safety boots when handling this product. It is recommended that chemical resistant gloves be worn when handling this product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Property	Unit of measurement	Typical value
Appearance	-	Clear, colourless liquid
Boiling Point/ Range	°C	82
Flash Point	°C	21
Density @ 15°C	g/ml	0.85
Vapour Pressure @ 20°C	kPa	4.3
Explosive Limits (LEL – UEL)	%	1.8 – 12.0
Vapour Density @ 20°C	kPa	> 1.00
Autoignition Temperature	°C	> 350
Viscosity @ 20°C	cSt	Not applicable
Percent Volatiles	%	70%
Solubility with Water	% w/w	100%

The values listed are indicative of this product's physical and chemical properties. For a full product specification, please consult the Product Data Sheet.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of use

Conditions to avoid

Sources of heat and ignition, open flames.

Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition products except on burning. See "Fire Fighting Measures".

Hazardous reactions

Stored mixtures with MEK produce explosive peroxides. Increased rate of peroxide formation with Isobutanol. Peroxide production sharply decreases the Autoignition Temperature. Violent, explosive reactions with metal oxides, oxidising agents, halogenated organic compounds and mineral acids.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Effects

Ingestion

The single lethal dose for humans is approx. 250ml, however 100ml can be fatal. Symptoms of overexposure include: flushing, pulse rate decrease, blood pressure lowering, anaesthesia, narcosis, headaches, dizziness, mental depression, hallucinations, distorted perceptions, respiratory depression, nausea or vomiting, coma.

Eye Contact

This product is irritating to eyes and can cause corneal burns.

Skin Contact

This product is irritating to the skin with prolonged exposure. It may result in dryness and cracking.

Inhalation

This product is irritating to the respiratory tract. In high doses, this product has narcotic effects. At concentrations of 400ppm or higher, the product may induce a mild narcosis, with transient effects. See Ingestion Effects.

Chronic Effects

A slight tolerance to this product can be acquired. This product is easily absorbed by the skin yielding a narcotic action. Overexposure may not be immediately determined for those who have built a tolerance. Abuse of this product will be harmful. People with pre-existing liver or kidney conditions must avoid unnecessary product exposure (metabolises similarly to ethanols).

Other Health Effects Information

Questionable carcinogen. Mutation data reported. Experimental teratogenic and reproductive effects.

Toxicological Information

2-propanol: 5045 mg/kg (oral, rat) TDLo: 223 mg/kg (oral, human)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic Toxicity

Fish Toxicity (rainbow trout, goldfish, bluegill):	$LC_{50}(96hr)$: Based on data for a similar component or preparation, this product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.
Daphnia Magna EC₅₀ (24 hr):	No data available
Daphnia Magna EC ₅₀ (48 hr):	Long term adverse effects to aquatic organisms are possible if continuous exposure is maintained.
Blue-green algae (Toxicity threshold 7-8 days):	No data available
Green algae (Toxicity threshold 7-8 days):	No data available

Persistence/ degradability

This product can degrade rapidly in air. This substance is expected to be removed in wastewater treatment. Based upon data for a similar components or estimated data, this product is expected to biodegrade rapidly and be 'readily' biodegradable according to OECD guidelines.

Mobility

This product is highly volatile and will rapidly evaporate to the air if released into the water

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Empty packaging should be taken for recycling, recovery or disposal through a suitably qualified or licensed contractor. Care should be taken to ensure compliance with national and local authorities. Packaging may still contain fumes and vapours that are flammable and harmful. Ensure that empty packaging is allowed to dry.

Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration

This product is NOT suitable for disposal by either landfill or via municipal sewers, drains, natural streams or rivers. This product is ashless and can be burned directly in appropriate equipment.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport		Marine Transport		Air Transport	
UN No.	1219	UN No.	1219	UN No.	1219
Proper Shipping Name	Isopropyl Alcohol	Proper Shipping Name	Isopropyl Alcohol	Proper Shipping Name	Isopropyl Alcohol
DG Class	3	DG Class	3	DG Class	3
Sub. Risk	None	Sub. Risk	None	Sub. Risk	None
Pack Group	=	Pack Group	II	Pack Group	II
Hazchem	2[Y]E				

Dangerous Goods Segregation

This product is classed as Dangerous Goods Class 3, packing group II. Please consult the Australian Dangerous Goods Code for Transport by Road and Rail for information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Country/ Region: Australia Inventory: AICS Status: Listed Poisons Schedule: Nil

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations:

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Number IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Council

References:

- Supplier Material Safety Data Sheets
- Sax's Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, Richard J. Lewis Snr., pub. Canada (2000)

The information sourced for the preparation of this document was correct and complete at the time of writing to the best of the writer's knowledge. The document represents the commitment to the company's responsibilities surrounding the supply of this product, undertaken in good faith. This document should be taken as a safety guide for the product and its recommended uses, but is in no way an absolute authority. Please consult the relevant legislation and regulations governing the use and storage of this type of product.